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CONFIDENTIAL

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

REGISTRY

No. S. B. D. 3252 (C)

S.1, Special Branch 336667 40

REPORT

Date July 29, 1940.

Subject Anti-British and Anti-American campaign by Japanese sponsored organizations.

Made by C.M.I. Kuh Pao Hwa Forwarded by D.I. Crawford

In connection with the attached report, it has been found that instructions for an anti-British campaign were also issued to other Japanese sponsored organizations including the Chinese Labourers'

Welfare Association, who have now, it is learned, been instructed by the Japanese Military Authorities to cancel the orders received, ~~and to cancel the orders received~~

~~and to cancel the orders received~~ LING TSE CHUN (Formosan), Secretary of the Chinese Labourers' Welfare

Association, with offices at 20 Canton Road, has now been given instructions for a new movement in propaganda against the local American Defence Force and has enlisted the support of a few other Japanese sponsored organizations. A movement is now in progress along the following lines :-

- 1) To launch an anti-American campaign and to intensify anti-American propaganda.
- 2) To gather information on the various billets of the American Defence Force re particulars of armaments, etc.
- 3) To report to the Japanese Military Special Service Section the usual haunts of amusement of the local American marines, so as to enable the Japanese Military Special Service agents to create an incident as a retaliatory measure.

Referring to the report dated July 7, 1940 Waung Ming Sing (汪敏新), Chief of the Hongkew Branch of the Great People's Society, proceeded to Hanking

Commr. I.D. 1940
Sing
if

R. D. Crawford
A.C. (S. B.)

Topic to E.

Z. B. M.

U. S. M. L.

Admiral Glanford

Except. E & Z
also forward

copy of - you
for S. B. 7.

Sept. 23/1.

R. D. C.



File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

.....Station,

REPORT

Date 19

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Made by .. Forwarded by ..

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on July 8 in order to obtain funds for the carrying out of the instructions for an anti-British campaign and has not yet returned to Shanghai.

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Luk Tso-han

C. D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

INDEXED BY
(S.B.) REGISTRY
DATE 13/8/40
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CONFIDENTIAL
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CONFIDENTIAL

File No.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE.

Section I, Special Branch. XXXXXXXX

REPORT

Date July 7, 1940.

Subject Hongkew Branch of the Great People's Society - receives
instructions to carry out anti-British propaganda.

Made by D. I. Kao Yen-ken. Forwarded by D. I. Crawford.

Comm. Sec.
R. J. C.
130. 14

At 12 noon July 6, some 10 staff members of the Hongkew Branch of the Great People's Society were urgently called to a meeting in the office of the Society at 427 East Seward Road when Waung Ming Sing (王敏折), Chief of the Hongkew Branch, presided. He informed the attendance that instructions had been received from the Head Office of the Great People's Society in Nanking in which the various branches of the society were ordered to do their best in carrying out an anti-British propaganda campaign on July 7, the anniversary of the Lukouchiao Incident. A discussion then took place and it was decided that because of the short notice given no preparations could be made and also as no funds had been received or issued for the carrying out of the campaign, nothing could be done on July 7.

It is also learned that the Head Office of the Great People's Society plans to conduct in the very near future an anti-British and anti-American propaganda campaign on a large scale.

Kao Yen-ken
D. I.

D. C. (Special Branch).

D. I. Kao
13/8/40
77 yrs old
87

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DATE 13/8/40 AG

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

S. P. R. REGISTRY

No. S. S. D. 8252

S. 2, Special Branch

REPORT

Date September 7, 1939.

Subject: Officials of the Reformed Government not allowed to
join political parties

Made by: and Forwarded by: Supt. Tan Shao-liang

I have been unable to obtain a copy of the order referred to in attached report. It is likely that verbal instructions may have been issued.

Tracing back to the orders of the Reformed Government, the only instructions referring to the prohibition of Government employees from joining any political party appear to be the order mentioned in Government Gazette No. 20 of August 29, 1939.

It reads as follows :

"At the 41st meeting held by the Political Affairs Committee of the Reformed Government of the Chinese Republic on August 23, the following resolution was discussed and passed :-

"Government officials should always carry out their duties in strict accordance with the regulations governing their services. They are not allowed to deviate from these regulations. Ever since the Kuomintang came into power it has plundered the people and brought extreme distress upon the country because of its despotism so much so that the country is now on the verge of its annihilation. This should be a warning to us.

"The object of the Reformed Government of the Chinese Republic is to work for national salvation and peace. Until the formal inauguration of a proper and legitimate political party no officials of this Government will be allowed to join any party. Violation of this decision will

copy sent.

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..... *Station*,

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Made by *Forwarded by*

result in immediate dismissal from all posts of this government. This decision is intended to prevent violation of the political administration and to uphold the sanctity of the regulations governing the services of officials of this government."

Tanhaobin
Superintendent

A.C. (Special Branch).

CONFIDENTIAL

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE

SPECIAL REGISTRY

No. S. B. D. 3252

S. I., Special Branch

REPORT

Date August 31, 1939.

Subject: Great People Society - organization to be strengthened by
"Reformed Government."

Made by P.I. Pan Lien-pih, Forwarded by *C. Censor*

The "Reformed Government" is endeavouring to enlarge and strengthen the organization of the Great People Society, and has appointed the following officials to important posts in the society:-

Name and Office of Ref. Govt. official	Position in Great People Society
Liang Jun-tse (梁鴻志), President of Executive Yuan	Director-General.
Wen Chung-yao (溫宗堯), President of Legislative Yuan	Deputy Director-General.
Chen Chun (陳群), Minister of Interior	Chairman.
Chu Ta-chwang (朱大章), Member of Legislative Yuan	Chief of the Head-quarters, Banking.

E
Q's

The "Reformed Government" has also issued an order instructing its employees to join the Great People Society and forbids participation in any other organizations.

The motive of this order and the proposed development of the Great People Society would appear to be a measure preventing "Reformed Government" employees from joining the Wang Ching Wei clique thus attempting to obstruct the influence of the "New Kuomintang" which the Wang clique is attempting to organize.

Pan Lien-pih
D. I.

A.C. (Special Branch).

August 29, 1939.

Morning Translation.

Sin Shun Pao (Japanese-owned Chinese language newspaper) publishes the following telegram from Nanking :-

THE GREAT PEOPLE'S ASSOCIATION

At an assembly held by officials of the "Reformed Government" on August 24, a resolution concerning the enlargement of the organization of the Great People's Association was passed.

It is announced to-day that Liang Hung-tse (梁鴻志) has been appointed Director-General, with Wen Chung-yao (溫秉堯) as Deputy Director-General of the Association. Chen Chun (陳群) will be Chairman, with Chu Ta-chwang (朱大章) as Chief of the Headquarters of the Association.

CONFIDENTIAL
DRAWER

British Consulate-General,
SHANGHAI,
12th October 1938.

Dear Mr. Robertson,

Very many thanks indeed for the Confidential Report concerning the Tah Ming Society which you were good enough to send me last month.

I have been sick again, and have only just returned to the office, otherwise I would have acknowledged receipt earlier.

Yours sincerely,

T. Robertson, Esquire,
Police Headquarters,
Shanghai Municipal Council.

CONFIDENTIAL
DRAWER

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
S. B. REGISTRY
No. S. B. D. S. 11

Date

September 28 38.

SECRET

Dear Mr. Creighton,

With reference to your letter
dated September 23, 1938, I forward herewith
for your information a copy of report regarding
the Dah Ming Society (大明會).

Yours sincerely,

HR

G. W. Creighton, Esq.,
H. B. M. Consulate-General,
Shanghai.

SHANGHAI MUNICIPAL POLICE
S. S. REGISTRY
File No. 44412
Section I, Special Branch
Date Sept. 28, 1938.



Subject...The Asia Rehabilitation Society - now known as Dah Ming Society (大民會).

Made by...Dr. I. Kuh Pao-hua.....Forwarded by...C. Gandy

The Asia Rehabilitation Society ("興亞會" Shing Ya Society) operated from an office in New Asia Hotel, Tiendong Road, the inauguration of the preparatory committee taking place on 22nd March 1938.

This Society first came to the notice of the Municipal Police in the middle of March 1938 when literature of an anti-Kuomintang and anti-Communist nature, came into our possession, the literature purporting to have emanated from the preparatory committee of this society. Other literature from the same source advocating the cultivation of friendship between the Japanese and Chinese people were also obtained.

With a view to organizing the Society on the lines of the Hsin Ming Hui of North China, it was proposed in April 1938 that the name be changed to that of the Shing Ya Tang (興亞堂) and one Wong Tsz-wei (王子惠) was put forward as head of the society, but for some unknown reason, those plans never took concrete shape.

Towards the end of June 1938 the name of the society was officially changed to the Dah Ming Society (大民會), but the administrative personnel remained the same. According to reports received this step was taken because of the nativity and unsavoury name the Asia Rehabilitation Society gained prevalent through corruption amongst its members.

The activities of the society following this procedure were insignificant, but two issues of a monthly magazine entitled the "New China" (新中國), which is definitely anti-Government and pro-Japanese in tone, appeared in July and August of this year and were published by the Publicity

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Department of the Dah Ming Society, with offices at Lane 426/16 Great Western Road O.O.L. The curtailment of the activities of this Society may also be attributable to the arrests of prominent members by the Municipal Police.

No confirmation can be had at present regarding the removal of their headquarters to Mr. Sun Fo's house at 22 Columbia Road which was commandeered by the Japanese Special Service Section, but according to the latest information obtained, the Dah Ming Society is being reorganized and the office in Shanghai will only be a branch, while the headquarters are to be removed to Nanking. Branch officers have also been established at Hangchow, Soochow, Wujiang, Changshu, Quinsan, Wusieh, Kiangyin, Ishing and Changchow. Efforts are being made to persuade Wen Chun-yao (溫宗堯) to take over the post of Chairman at Nanking.

Information from a secret but usually reliable source is to the effect that Wong Tsai-shing (王耆香) who is chairman of the Society is only a figure head, this person was appointed to succeed Zang Moo-chang (尚慕姜) who was removed from office for inefficiency, and that the person actually controlling the society is Col Wei Ting-yung (魏廷榮) a member of the French Municipal Concession and a senior officer of the French Volunteers.

Red Tao Lue

D. I.

D.C. (Special Branch)

2/10/40 (S.E.)

BRITISH CONSULATE-GENERAL,
P.O. BOX 289. SHANGHAI.

Private

23rd September 1938.

Dear Mr Robertson.

I am rather interested at present in the doings of the newly-established (or has it been in existence a long time?) 大公會, about which you sent us an interesting confidential report on the 20th.

I understand that the society is to take the place of the Asia Rehabilitation Society (亞洲康復會) which will now

Would if you can unearth
anything more of interest on
the matter.

Yours sincerely
J. W. Brightman

presumably fade out.

I have however come
across a Chinese press report
of July 5th referring to the
L P. $\frac{1}{2}$ as being already in
existence then, with Tang Mon-
chieng 唐孟成 as its Chairman.

Have you by any chance
any further information that you
would let me have about this
new body? It is presumably
going to play the same part down
here as the Hsin Min Hui in
Peking, so it may be worth
watching. I shall be extremely

**CONFIDENTIAL
FILE**



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October 22, 1940.

Morning Translation

Sin Shun Pao (Japanese-owned Chinese language newspaper) publishes the following advertisement :-

GALA MEETING IN CELEBRATION OF THE ANNIVERSARY OF THE
INAUGURATION OF THE SHANGHAI OFFICE OF THE GREAT PEOPLE'S
ASSOCIATION OF CHINA

Date: 6 p.m. (Chinese time) October 23.
Venue: The Tairiku Guild Hall (大德堂),
288 Seward Road.

Programme: Modern drama by the Far Eastern
Dramatic Group (远东剧团) and
popular Chinese and Japanese
songs.

Sponsored by: The Shanghai Office of the Great
People's Association of China.

Supported by: The "Sin Shun Pao."

~~Sin Shun Pao (Japanese-owned Chinese language newspaper) :-~~

CONDITIONS IN NANTAO

~~Last undesirable elements should mingle with
the inhabitants in Nantao and, with a view to preserving
peace and good order in that area, the authorities at
8 a.m. yesterday instituted rigorous searches at the
various iron gates along the border of Nantao and the
French Concession and denied entry to all persons not
in possession of citizens' certificates. It is learned
that many people were turned away.~~

~~Hwa Mei Wan Pao of October 20 (editorial) :-~~

THE TRUTH ABOUT THE ITALO-GERMAN-JAPANESE ALLIANCE EXPOSED

~~When the Italo-German-Japanese Pact was signed, it was generally regarded as a plan of Germany to utilize Japan to harass the United States. Hitler had great hopes that Japan would intensify her southward advance so that collisions will break out between Japan on one side and the United States and Britain on the other, for such collisions would have embroiled England and Hitler's attack on Britain would be facilitated. This was what Hitler had desired the most, for in that event the United States would have to concentrate her strength to deal with Japan and her assistance to Britain would have to be reduced. Hence, the press view throughout the world is that Germany was the promoter of the Italo-German-Japanese alliance and that Germany would benefit from the alliance in the future; that Japan would be strengthened and would also pay the greater price. After looking into the facts, however, the above to be ~~not~~ is not entirely true. Germany has formed an alliance with Japan merely to encourage Japan to create trouble in the Far East so that Germany can take advantage of the~~

October 22, 1940.

Morning Translation



Cheng Yien Pao, Chinese-American Daily News, National Herald,
Shun Pao, Sin Wan Pao :-

FRENCH TRAMWAY LABOUR DISPUTE SATISFACTORILY SETTLED

The labour dispute in the French Tramway Company has lasted almost a month. Negotiations have been going on between the two sides under the mediation of the Political Branch of the French Police. At 5 p.m. yesterday, further negotiations were held at the company's office on Avenue Dubail with the result that a satisfactory settlement was eventually reached. An agreement will be signed at 2 p.m. to-day. The tram and bus services in the French Concession will be restored to-morrow.

Upon being notified by the Political Branch of the French Police, the representatives of the workers and the company attended further negotiations at the French Tramway Company at 5 p.m. yesterday. Representatives of the workers present were Zah Chuen-foh (查全福) and Chang Foh-pao (張福寶) of the Mechanical Department and Pan Loh-chi (潘樂知) and five others of the Traffic Department. Chief of the Political Branch of the French Police and Inspector Sih Keng-sun (施敬善) were also present. Representatives of the French Tramway Company were the general manager and a compradore named Dooh (杜和). The negotiations lasted one and a half hours and the strike was settled. An agreement will be signed at 2 p.m. to-day.

The points considered during the negotiations yesterday were (1) the reinstatement of the 45 workers who were dismissed prior to the strike, and (2) increase of wages. With regard to the first question, the company promised to reinstate 30 of the men, instead of 26 as formerly promised; the rest will be reinstated later. As for the second question, the company promised to grant an increase of \$6 in the monthly allowance.

To-day the company will send out men to inspect the tram tracks and wires and repair vehicles. The strikers will resume work to-morrow.

Central China Daily News, Bing Pao, Kuo Min Daily News :-

The views of the two sides were brought closer on October 20 after direct negotiations were held under the mediation of the Political Branch of the French Police and the Banking People's Movement authorities. During the negotiations on October 20 the company promised to reinstate 30 of the 45 workers dismissed by the company for organizing a labour union, whilst the rest were to be reinstated later, but the workers insisted that all the 45 dismissed men be reinstated.

At 9 a.m. yesterday, further negotiations were held at the company. Both sides were willing to make concessions over the question of the reinstatement of the dismissed workers. Hence, all conditions were eventually settled. The negotiations lasted until 6 p.m. The agreement will be published after it has been signed to-day. It is expected that the strikers will resume work to-morrow.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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ADVISORY
HEADQUARTERS,
Shanghai Municipal Police.

July 25,

1940

To.

The Secretary & Commissioner General.

The Commissioner of Police presents his compliments in forwarding herewith the undermentioned documents.

Reference No:- D. 8252(C).

Subject :- Anti-British and Anti-American Propaganda.

Enclosures

Two Police Reports.